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A mesa-oxide isolation method comprises steps of:
epitaxy: placing a wafer in a metalorganic chemical
vapor deposition (MOCVD) system or a molecular beam
epitaxy (MBE) system to grow an epitaxial layer on a
surface of the wafer,

spinning photo-resist: spinning photo-resist on an upper surface of the epitaxial layer,

exposing and developing: exposing the wafer under a light to print electric circuit pattern on a masking and soaking the wafer in a developing solution to solve and remove the photosensitive resin,

etching: a portion of the epitaxial layer is removed, growing a thin oxide layer: growing a thin oxide layer on the area of the epitaxial layer without photoresist by soaking the wafer in a chemical solution,

removing photo-resist: the photo-resist which is not exposed to the light is removed to form a mesa on the upper surface of the wafer,

metalization: depositing metal connections on the 20 mesa and the wafer.

2. A mesa-oxide guard ring isolation method comprises steps of:

epitaxy: placing a wafer in a metalorganic chemical vapor deposition (MOCVD) system or a molecular beam epitaxy (MBE) system to grow an epitaxial layer on a

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surface of the wafer,

spinning the first photo-resist: spinning the first photo-resist on an upper surface of the epitaxial layer,

exposing and developing at the first time: exposing the wafer under a light to print electric circuit pattern on a masking and soaking the wafer in a developing solution to solve and remove the photosensitive resin,

etching at the first time: a portion of the epitaxial layer is removed,

growing a thin oxide layer: growing a thin oxide layer on the area of the epitaxial layer without photoresist by soaking the wafer in a chemical solution,

removing photo-resist at the first time: the photoresist which is not exposed to the light is removed to form a mesa on the upper surface of the wafer,

spinning the second photo-resist: spinning the second photo-resist on an upper surface of the epitaxial layer,

exposing and developing at the second time: exposing the wafer under a light to print electric circuit pattern on a masking and soaking the wafer in a developing solution to solve and remove the photosensitive resin,

etching at the second time: a portion of the thin oxide layer is removed,

removing photo-resist at the second time: the photo-25 resist which is not exposed to the light is removed to form a mesa on the upper surface of the wafer and to form an oxide ring on the surrounding of the mesa,

metalization: depositing metal connections on the mesa and the wafer.